

Geo-Vista

(I) Complete Logging While Drilling System (ComLWD)

Wireless Measurement While Drilling (MWD)

Azimuthal Resistivity While Drilling (ARD)

Electromagnetic Propagation Resistivity (EPR)

Inclination and Gamma Ray (IGR)

Near-Bit Azimuth Gamma Ray (NB-AGR)

Caliper Corrected Neutron Porosity (CCN)

Rotary Azimuthal Density (RAD)

Acoustic While Drilling (AWD)

Pressure Unit While Drilling (PWD)

Pressure & Caliper Measurement While Drilling (PCD)

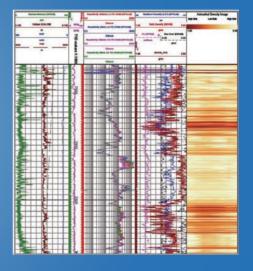
Ultrasonic Caliper Measurement While

Drilling (CWD)

Generator Caliper Corrected Neutron

Porosity (GCN)



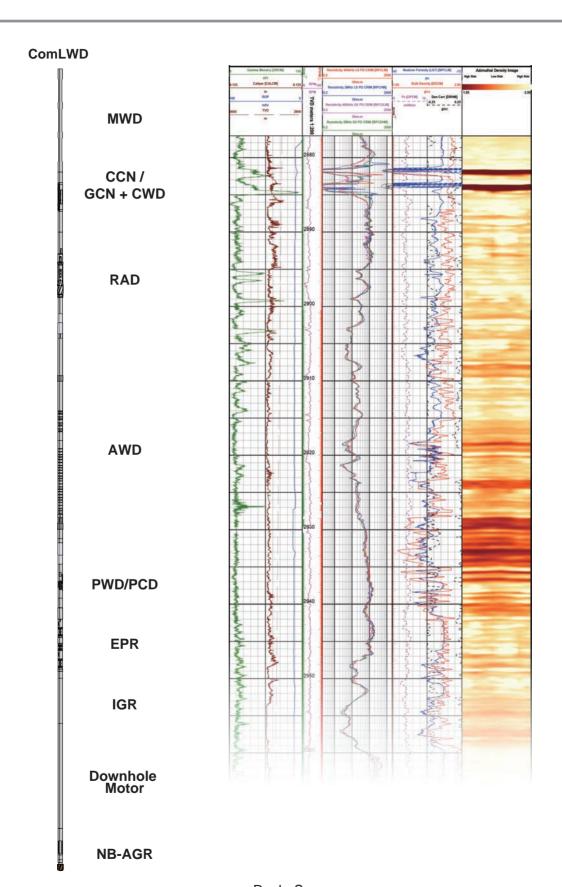




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- Use generator model, in one run can drill long time without replacement battery, and security
- Insert mode, different sizes of instruments, electronic circuit are interchangeable, saving the cost
- Two kinds of pulser, have more choice to save cost
- Have 3.375 in. slim-hole instruments, can meet the requirements of slim-hole
- Can be connected to neutron density and acoustic instruments to logging more project
- Have Gamma inclination, it is easy to do direction drilling job

Introduction

LWD has the advantage of measuring properties of a formation before drilling fluids invade deeply. Further, many wellbores prove to be difficult or even impossible to measure with conventional wireline tools, especially highly deviated wells. In these situations, the LWD measurement ensures that some measurement of the subsurface is captured in the event that wireline operations are not possible. Timely LWD data can also be used to guide well placement so that the wellbore remains within the zone of interest or in the most productive portion of a reservoir, such as in highly variable shale reservoirs.

Specifications

General Tool Specifications

	•				
Tool OD	3.375 in.	4.75 in.	6.75 in.	8.25 in.	9.5 in.
Wall OD	3-3/4 in. to 5-7/8 in.	5-7/8 in. to 6-3/4 in.	8-1/2 in. to 9-7/8 in.	9-7/8 in. to 12-1/4 in.	12-1/4 in. to 26 in.
Well OD.	(96-150 mm)	(150-172 mm)	(216-251 mm)	(251 mm-311 mm)	(311 mm-660 mm)
	3 in. CDP box up	3-1/2 in. IF box up	4-1/2 in. I.F. box up	6-5/8 in. Reg. box up	7-5/8 in. Reg. box up
Connections	and 3 in. CDP	and 3-1/2 in. I.F.	and 4-1/2 in. I.F.	and 6-5/8 in. Reg.	and 7-5/8 in. Reg.
	pin down	pin down	pin down	pin down	pin down
	Max. Rotating	Max. Rotating	Max. Rotating	Max. Rotating	Max. Rotating
	20°/100 ft.	12°/100 ft.	9°/100 ft.	8°/100 ft.	8°/100 ft.
Dogleg	(20°/30 m)	(12°/30 m)	(9°/30 m)	(8°/30 m)	(8°/30 m)
Severity	Max. Sliding	Max. Sliding	Max. Sliding	Max. Sliding	Max. Sliding
	45°/100 ft.	30°/100 ft.	16°/100 ft.	8°/100 ft.	8°/100 ft.
	(45°/30 m)	(30°/30 m)	(16°/30 m)	(8°/30 m)	(8°/30 m)
Mud Flow Range	Battery 80-160 gpm	160-320 gpm	300-675 gpm	400-900 gpm	600-1350 gpm

General Tool Specifications

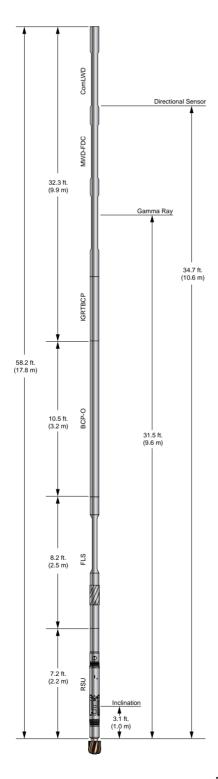
Contrat 1001 Opcomodulono		
Max. Temperature	300°F (150°C)	
Max. Pressure	20000 psi (138 MPa)	
Sand Content	Max. volume recommended<1%	
Lost Circulation Material	Fine to medium nut plug	
Pulsation Dampener	Recommended set to 1/3 stand pipe pressure	
Data Acquisition	Mud pulse telemetry to surface and downhole memory	
Telemetry Type	Positive pulse	
Mud Pumps	Either duplex or triplex	
Downhole RPM	± 80% max. deviation from the mean Operating rpm	
Downnois IXI W	(e.g., 100 rpm: Operation Range = 20-180 rpm)	
Pulser Pressure Drop	Pressure drop dependent upon mud weight, flow rate,	
r disci i ressure brop	MWD tool valve gap, and data transmission rate.	
DP at Bit	No restrictions	
Mud Filter (Uphole)	Most sizes supplied	
Full Survey Transmission	55 seconds from Pumps-On	





Upgrade ComLWD with Rotary Steering System

Realize rotary steering with minimum BHA using steering unit connecting with probe directional sensor and gamma. Reduce the drilling cost and improve economic benefit.





ComLWD Crossover Sub (IGRTBCP)

Using the IGRTBCP to combine ComLWD with Rotary Steering System

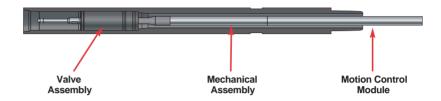


- Steering drilling systems for re-entry and horizontal wells
- Directional control
- Relief well drilling
- Precision geosteering in high angle wells

Introduction

MWD provides directional-drilling measurements. It helps for decision support for the smooth operation of the drilling by collected wellbore data in real-time like as deviation, azimuth, BHA tool face

Rotary Pulser

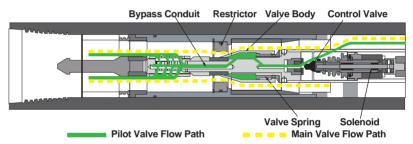


Features

Rotary Pulser:

- ---Increased reliability pulser.
- ---An ultra-reliable, high-efficiency DC brushless motor and controller.
- ---More durable shafts and seals, and better serviceability.

Solenoid Pulser



Features

Solenoid Pulser:

- ---Easy for maintenance
- ---Anti-corrosion
- ---Wide range flowrate





- Steering drilling systems for re-entry and horizontal wells
- Directional control
- Relief well drilling
- Precision geosteering in high angle wells

Introduction

Max. Pressure		20000 psi (137.9 MPa) /	
		25000 psi (172 MPa) (option)	
Max. Te	emperature	300°F (150°C)/350°F (175°C) (option)	
Tool O.D.	Battery	3.375 in.	
1001 O.D.	Generator	4.75 in./6.75 in./8.25 in./9.5 in.	
Puls	ser Type	Rotary Pulser/Solenoid Pulser	
		0.2 bit/s~3 bit/s	
	Solenoid Pulser	Pulse Width Selectable:	
Transmission		3.0/2.0/1.5/1.0/0.8/0.5/0.36/0.32/0.24 sec	
Rates		0.2 bit/s~2 bits/s	
	Rotary Pulser	Pulse Width Selectable:	
		3.0/2.0/1.5/1.0/0.8/0.5/0.36 sec	
Pulse Wid	th Selectable	3.0/2.0/1.5/1.0/0.8/0.5/0.36/0.32/0.24 sed	
\		Shock and vibration measurements using	
vibration	Measurement	a Triaxial Accelerometer arrangement	
Sensors		Min., Max., and Ave. RPM measurements	
		using dual Magnetometers	

Measurement	Range	Resolution	Accuracy	
Inclination	0° - 180°	0.1°	± 0.15°	
Azimuth ^{1, 2}	0° - 360°	0.35°	± 1.0°	
Toolface				
Magnetic ¹	0° - 360°	1.4°	± 1.5°	
Gravity ²	0° - 360°	1.4°	± 1.5°	
Temperature	150°C / 175°C (option)	2°C	±3.0°C	
Dip Angle ¹	-90° - 90°	0.044°	± 0.3°	
MTF/GTF Switching Inclination Degrees: Operator Selectable (default set at 5°)				

¹ Assumes typical magnetic field values at 30° latitude.

² Accuracy applies to inclinations greater than 5.0°.

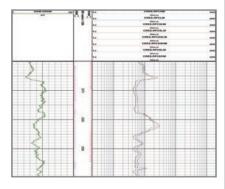
Tool Cine	Do atriator ID	Flow Range	Flow Range
Tool Size	Restrictor ID	(gpm)	(Ipm)
3-3/8 in.	40mm	80-160 gpm	302-605 lpm
4-3/4 in.	49 mm (standard)	160-320 gpm	606-1,211 lpm
4-3/4 III.	47 mm (low Flow)	160-220 gpm	606-833 lpm
6-3/4 in.	52 mm (standard)	300-675 gpm	1,136-2,555 lpm
0-3/4 111.	50 mm (low flow)	300-450 gpm	1,136-1,703 lpm
8-1/4 in.	54 mm (standard)	400-900 gpm	1,514-3,407 lpm
8-1/4 In.	53 mm (low flow)	400-600 gpm	1,514-2,271 lpm
9-1/2 in.	57 mm (standard)	600-1,350 gpm	2,271-5,100 lpm
9-1/2 III.	55 mm (low flow)	600-900 gpm	2,271-3,407 lpm



- Provides formation resistivities
- Provide realtime formation evaluation services
- Provide wellbore placement
- Improve geosteering capabilities

Features

- Operates at frequency of 2 MHz and 400 kHz Compensated antenna design with dual spacing transmitter pairs
- ■8 quantitative resistivities with separate depths of investigation (3.375 in. provides 4 quantitative resistivities)Works in all mud types



Introduction

Transmits electromagnetic waves into formation and measures the change in physical character of the wave on its return. The change in physical character of wave gives an indication of the Resistivity of the drilled formation.

То	ool O.D.	3.375 in.	4.75 in.	6.75 in.	8.25 in.	
		3.75 in. to	5.875 in. to	8.5 in. to	10 in. to	
Но	ole Sizes	5.875 in.	6.75 in.	9.875 in.	12.25 in.	
		(96-150 mm)	(150-172 mm)	(216-251 mm)	(254-311 mm)	
Max	. Pressure	20,000 psi (137.9 MPa)				
Max.	Temperature		300°l	F (150°C)		
l	Length	7.4 ft. (2.3 m)	12 ft. (3.7 m)	12 ft. (3.7 m)	12 ft. (3.7 m)	
		175 lbs.	600 lbs.	1,280 lbs.	1,595 lbs.	
\	Weight	(79 kg)	(272 kg)	(581 kg)	(725 kg)	
		3 in. CDP	3-1/2 in. I.F.	4-1/2 in. I.F.	6-5/8 in. Reg	
0		Box Uphole	box up and	box up and	box up and	
Coi	nnections	3 in. CDP	3-1/2 in. I.F.	4-1/2 in. I.F.	6-5/8 in. Reg	
		Pin Downhole	box down	box down	box down	
	Mary Datation	20°/100 ft.	12°/100 ft.	9°/100 ft.	8.2°/100 ft.	
Dogleg	Max. Rotating	(20°/30 m)	(12°/30 m)	(9°/30 m)	(8.2°/30 m)	
Severity	May Clidina	45°/100 ft.	30°/100 ft.	16°/100 ft.	8.2°/100 ft.	
	Max. Sliding	(45°/30 m)	(30°/30 m)	(16°/30 m)	(8.2°/30 m)	
Lost Circ	ulation Material	Fine to medium nut plug				
Pulsat	tion Damper	Recommended, 1/3 Standpipe Pressure				
Data Acquisition		Mud pulse telemetry to surface and downhole memory				
Telemetry Type		Positive Pulse				

		2 MHz Resistivity	400 kHz Resistivity
	Range	0.1 to 3,000 ohm-m	0.1 to 1,000 ohm-m
Phase Difference	A	±1% (0.1 to 50 ohm-m)	± 1% (0.1 to 25 ohm-m)
	Accuracy	± 0.5 mmho/m (> 50 ohm-m)	± 1.0 mmho/m (>25 ohm-m)
	Range	0.1 to 500 ohm-m	0.1 to 200 ohm-m
	A	± 2% (0.1 to 50 ohm-m)	± 5% (0.1 to 10 ohm-m)
Attenuation	Accuracy	± 1.0 mmho/m (> 50 ohm-m)	± 5.0 mmho/m (>10 ohm-m)
	Vertical	8 in. (20 cm) for 90%	12 in. (30 cm) for 90%
	Resolution	response in conductive beds	response in conductive beds





- Shale content evaluation
- Stratigraphic Correlation
- Lithology determination
- Bed boundaries estimation

Introduction

The Gamma instruments measures the natural radioactivity emanating from the formation.

Tool OD	3.375 in./4.75 in./6.75 in./8.25 in./9.5 in.	
Max. Pressure	20000 psi (137.9MPa)/25000 psi (172 MPa) (option)	
Max. Temperature	300°F (150°C)/350°F (175°C) (option)	
	Gamma Specification	
Туре	Scintillation	
Measurement	API GR	
Range	0 - 250 API	
Accuracy	±3% API of full scale	
Vertical resolution	6 in. (153 mm)	
I	Inclination Specification	
Max. Temperature	150°C/175°C (option)	
Sensor Type	Z axis accelerometer	
Range	0 - 180° degrees	
Accuracy	±1°@INC>30°	



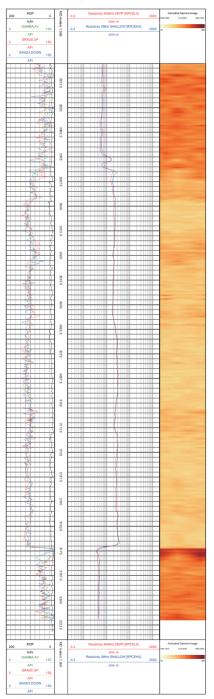




■ Horizontal well geosteering and formation evaluation

Achieve precise window-in target Accurately identify the change direction of the geological structure of the drilled reservoir and increase the rate of drilled encounters

Reduce cycle and waiting time Improve drilling efficiency



Introduction

Near-bit azimuth gamma can accurately measure near-bit inclination and gamma, and provide early formation recognition during drilling.

Tool Size	4.75 in.	6.75 in.		
Max Pressure	20000 psi (137.9 Mpa)			
Max Temperature	300°F (150°C)			
Gamma Specification				
Crystal Type	Scin	tillation		
Measurement	AP	'I GR		
Measuring Range	0 - 2	50 API		
Measuring Accuracy	±3% API	of full scale		
Vertical Resolution	6 in. (153 mm)		
Inclination Spec	cification			
	X-Y axis a	ccelerometer		
Sensor Type	Z axis ac	celerometer		
Measuring Range	0 -	180°		
Measuring Accuracy	±1°@	NC>30°		
Electromagnetic Wave Type				
Tool Length	914	1 mm		
Tool OD	5.4 in. (138 mm)	7.25 in. (184 mm)		
Modulation Type	ASK			
Baud Rate	20 Baud			
Supply Voltage	7.3 V			
Current and Power	470 mA @ 7.3 V (3.43 W)			
Connection	4-1/2	2 REG		
Transmission Distance	2	0 m		
Battery working time	150	hours		
Inclination and gamma measurement points	450 mm (Bel	nind the drill bit)		
Electric Cu	rrent			
Tool Length	91	4mm		
Tool OD	5.4 in. (138 mm)	7.25 in. (184 mm)		
Modulation Type	GI	MSK		
Baud Rate	20 Baud			
Supply Voltage	+12 V to +24 V			
Current and Power	120 mA @	22 V (2.64 W)		
Connection	4-1/2	2 REG		
Transmission Distance	Transmission Distance 20 m			
Battery working time	240	hours		
Inclination and gamma measurement points	450 mm (Behind the drill bit)			





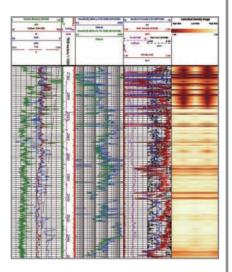


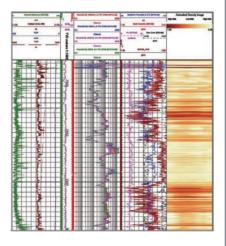
Caliper Corrected Neutron Porosity-**Rotary Azimuthal Density-4.75** (CCN-RAD-4.75)



Applications

- Accurate, real-time quantification of porosity and gas identification for saturation calculations.
- Reservoir Navigation using high-resolution imaging and gas-oil/water identification in real-time.
- Wellbore stability analysis using azimuthal caliper and density imaging in real-time.
- Structural formation dip analysis and updating reservoir models from density imaging.





Introduction

CCN-RAD offers measurement of formation density, neutron porosity, borehole caliper, and formation imaging. That provides geosteering for maximum reservoir exposure. Neutron porosity and bulk density are critical for the quantification of hydrocarbons in the reservoir.

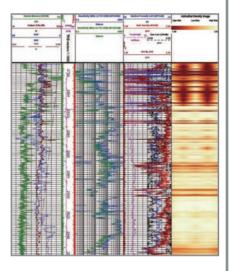
Diameter		4.75 in. With 5.59 in. upset		
Max. Pressure		20000 psi (137.9 MPa)		
Max. Temperature	300°F (150°C)			
Weight		1100 lbs. (498 kg) (CCN-RAD 4)		
Max. Dogleg Severity		15°/100 ft. (15°/30 m) Rotating 30°/100 ft. (30°/30 m) Sliding		
CCN				
Service		Formation Porosity		
Tool Type		Caliper Corrected Neutron		
Detectors		ium-6 lodide Crystal with Photomultiplier tube for both Near and Far detectors		
Porosity Accuracy	0.5 p	u below 10 pu, 5% of reading for 10-50 pu		
Vertical Resolution		24 in. (61 cm)		
Statistical Repeatability		± 0.6 pu@20 pu @ 200 ft./hr.		
Max. Logging Speed		180 ft./hr (@2 points/ft.)		
Depth Of Investigation	10	in. estimated for 8.5 in. 10 pu borehole		
Radioactive Source	Ar	m 241-Be Strength: 5 Curies (185 GBq)		
Measure Point	4.	.6 ft. (1.4 m) (From downhole tool end)		
Voltage	30 Vdc			
Current Draw		160-170 mA		
RAD				
Service	Formation Bulk Density Service with Hole Calipe			
Tool Type	Rotational Azimuthal Density			
Detectors		cintillation Crystal with photomultiplier tube both Long and Short Spaced detectors		
Density Specifications	ı			
Range		1.6-3.1 g/cc		
Accuracy	± 0.0	25 g/cc@200 ft./hr (60 m/hr) and 2.5 g/cc		
Statistical Repeatability		18 in. (45 cm) (full resolution)		
Downhole End Measure Po	oint			
Photoelectric Factor Specif	ications	,		
Range		1-10 Barnes/electron (B/e)		
Accuracy		± 0.25 B/e from 2-5 B/e		
Statistical Repeatability		± 0.25 B/e@200 ft./hr (60 m/hr)		
Vertical Resolution		6 in. (150 mm) (full resolution)		
Downhole End to Pe Meas	ure Point	5.1 ft. (1.5 m)		
		, ,		
Acoustic Standoff Caliner S	0-2 in. (Out of housing)			
Acoustic Standoff Caliper S Range		±0.075 in. (0 to 0.5 in.) ±0.125 in. (0.5 to 1.0 in.)		
Accuracy Accuracy	±	0.075 in. (0 to 0.5 in.)		
Range	±	0.075 in. (0 to 0.5 in.) 0.125 in. (0.5 to 1.0 in.)		
Range Accuracy	±	0.075 in. (0 to 0.5 in.) 0.125 in. (0.5 to 1.0 in.) 0.25 in. (1.0 to 2.0 in.) Out of housing 180 ft./hr (@2 points/ft.)		
Range Accuracy Max. Logging Speed	±	0.075 in. (0 to 0.5 in.) 0.125 in. (0.5 to 1.0 in.) 0.25 in. (1.0 to 2.0 in.) Out of housing		



Caliper Corrected Neutron Porosity (CCN) Geo-Vista

Applications

- Accurate, real-time quantification of porosity and gas identification for saturation calculations.
- Reservoir Navigation using high-resolution imaging and gas-oil/water identification in
- Wellbore stability analysis using azimuthal caliper and density imaging in real-time.
- Structural formation dip analysis and updating reservoir models from density imaging.



Introduction

CCN-RAD offers measurement of formation density, neutron porosity, borehole caliper, and formation imaging. That provides geosteering for maximum reservoir exposure. Neutron porosity and bulk density are critical for the quantification of hydrocarbons in the reservoir.

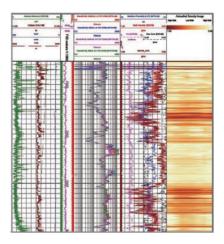
Diameter	6.75 in. with	8.25 in. With	
Diameter	7.50 in. upset	10.125 in. upset	
Max. Pressure	20000 psi (137.9 MPa)		
Max. Temperature	300°F (150°C)		
Weight	893 lbs. (405 kg)	1325 lbs. (600 kg)	
Service	Formation Porosity		
Tool Type	Caliper Corre	ected Neutron	
	9°/100 ft. (9°/30 m)	6.5°/100 ft. (6.5°/30 m)	
Dogleg Severity	Rotating	Rotating	
Dogleg Severity	16°/100 ft. (16°/30 m)	12°/100 ft. (12°/30 m)	
	Sliding	Sliding	
Detectors	Lithium-6 lodide Crystal with Photomultiplier		
Detectors	tube for both Near and Far detectors		
Porosity Accuracy	0.5 pu below 10 pu, 5% of reading for 10-50 pu		
Vertical Resolution	24 in.	(61 cm)	
Statistical Repeatability	± 0.6 pu@20 pu @ 200 ft./hr.		
Max. Logging Speed	180 ft./hr (@2 points/ft.)		
Depth Of Investigation	10 in. estimated for 8.5 in. 10 pu borehole		
Radioactive Source	irce Am 241-Be Strength: 5 Curies (185 GE		
Measure Point	4.6 ft. (1.4 m) (From downhole tool end)		
Voltage	30 Vdc		
Current Draw	160-170 mA		







- Accurate, real-time quantification of porosity and gas identification for saturation calculations.
- Reservoir Navigation using high-resolution imaging and gas-oil/water identification in real-time.
- Wellbore stability analysis using azimuthal caliper and density imaging in real-time.
- Structural formation dip analysis and updating reservoir models from density imaging.
- 8 or 16 sector azimuthal density, Pe and borehole caliper measurements.



Introduction

CCN-RAD offers measurement of formation density, neutron porosity, borehole caliper, and formation imaging. That provides geosteering for maximum reservoir exposure. Neutron porosity and bulk density are critical for the quantification of hydrocarbons in the reservoir.

eter	6.75 in.	8.25 in.	
essure	20000 psi (137.9 MPa)		
perature	300°F (150°C)		
ght	1092 lbs. (495 kg)	1945 lbs. (881 kg)	
ice	Formation Bulk Density Se	Formation Bulk Density Service with Hole Caliper	
Гуре	Rotational Azimuthal Density		
Rotating	9°/100 ft. (9°/30 m)	6.5°/100 ft. (6.5°/30 m)	
Sliding	16°/100 ft. (16°/30 m)	12°/100 ft. (12°/30 m)	
	Nal Scintillation Crystal with	photomultiplier tube for	
ctors	both Long and Short	Spaced detectors	
	Density Specifications		
ge	1.6-3.1	g/cc	
racy	± 0.015	g/cc	
epeatability	± 0.025 g/cc@200 ft./hr ((60 m/hr) and 2.5 g/cc	
esolution	18 in. (45 cm) (full resolution)		
le End	5.1 ft. (1.5 m)		
e Point			
Photoe	lectric Factor Specification	ıs	
ge	1-10 Barnes/el	ectron (B/e)	
racy	± 0.25 B/e from 2-5 B/e		
epeatability	± 0.25 B/e@200 ft./hr (60 m/hr)		
esolution	6 in. (150 mm) (full resolution)		
End to Pe		_ ,	
e Point	5.1 ft. (1.5 m)		
Acoustic	Standoff Caliper Specificat	ions	
ge	0-2 in. (Out o	f housing)	
	±0.075 in. (0	to 0.5 in.)	
	±0.125 in. (0.5 to 1.0 in.)		
racy	±0. 25 in. (1.0) to 2.0 in.)	
	Out of ho	pusing	
ng Speed	180 ft./hr (@2	2 points/ft)	
e Source	Cs137 Strength: 2 Curies (74 GBq)		
age	30 \	/	
Draw	350 mA~3	390 mA	
	essure perature perature perature ght ice Type Rotating Sliding Sliding stors ge eracy epeatability esolution le End e Point Photoe ge eracy epeatability esolution End to Pe e Point Acoustic ge eracy end Speed e Source end e Source end end end end end end end end end en	## 20000 psi (13 perature	







- Optimize mud-weight selection
- Predict pore pressure independent of temperature and salinity effect.
- Identify top-of-cement
- Understand rock mechanical properties
- Measure porosity sourceless
- Position bit-on-seismic using synthetics
- Identify gas influx or formation gas.
- Perform many other standard sonic applications.

Introduction

Acoustic While Drilling (AWD) provides real-time compressional and shear wave travel-time measurements in slow and fast formations. Shear and comressional slowness with computed semblance values are acquired using a stateof-the art acoustic source combined with multiple arrays of receivers. Advanced downhole processing and wavefrom stacking techniques ensure reliable and fully compensated measurements.

Diameter		4.75 in.	6.75 in.	
Tool O.D.		4.82 in. (122.43 mm)	6.9 in. (175.26 mm)	
Hole Size		5.625 in. to 8 in.	8.5 in. to 10.625 in.	
		(143 to 203 mm)	(216 mm to 270 mm)	
Max. Operating Temperature		300°F (150°C)		
Max. Operating Pressure		20,000 psi (137.9 MPa)		
Length		30 ft. (9 m)	23.8 ft. (7.254 m)	
Weigl	ht	1,760 lbm (798 kg)	2,500 lbm (1,134 kg)	
	HbuildLWD	GT4 box up/	GT6 box up/	
Thread		GT4 pin down	GT6 pin down	
Connections	ComLWD	NC38 box up/	NC46 box up/	
		NC38 pin down	NC46 pin down	
Makeup T	orque	8845 ftlbf (11,984 N.m)	25,000 ftlbf (33,895 N.m)	
Max.	Rotating	15°/100 ft. (15°/30 m)	8°/100 ft. (8°/30 m)	
Dogleg Severity	Sliding	30°/100 ft. (30°/30 m)	16°/100 ft. (16°/30 m)	
Max. Flow Rate		400 gal US/min.	800 gal US/min.	
IVIAX. FIOW	/ Kale	(1,514 L/min.)	(3,028 L/min.)	
Max. Sand Content		3%		
Max. LCN	1 Size	0.63 in. (16 mm)		
Average I	nertia	62 in.		
Transmitters	Number	1		
Receivers Number		4		
Measureme	ent Type	Compression Wave & Shear Wave		
Accuracy, us/ft.		± 1		
(us/0.305 m)				
Measurement Range		All tools 40-230 us/ft. dependent on mud type		
Max. Shock		250 g for 100,000 cycles		
Measure Point From		14 ft. (4.267 m)		
Tool Bottom				





- Conductive to the control of well safety
- Optimizing the acquisition period
- Minimizing the total time required to accurately measure annular pressure

Introduction

PWD can accurately detect the annular pressure, the borehole pressure and temperature. Used to judge the underground complex situation, such as well leakage, blowout, well inflow and monitoring well, and conductive to the control of well safety.

Tool O.D.	4.75 in. / 120 mm	6.75 in. / 172 mm	8.25 in./210 mm		
Max. Pressure	20000 psi (137.9MPa)/25000 psi (172 MPa) (option)				
Max.	00005 (45000)/05005 (47500) (
Temperature	300°F (150°C)/350°F (175°C) (option)				
Length	5 ft6.93 in. (1.7 m)	4 ft3.18 in. (1.3 m)	4 ft8 in. (1.424 m)		
Flow range	160-320 gpm	300-675 gpm	400-900 gpm		
Data Acquisition	Real-time & Downhole Record				
Туре					
Data Transmit	Data Transmit Type Positive pulse				
Туре					
Pressure					
Measurement	0 - 25000 psi				
Range					
Accuracy	Accuracy ± 0.25% full scale				





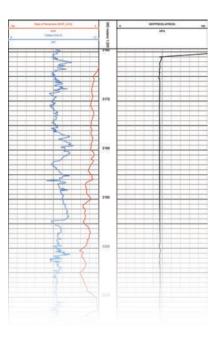
Pressure & Caliper Measurement While Drilling (PCD)



Ultrasonic Caliper Measurement While Drilling (CWD)

Features

- Accurate downhole measurement of equivalent circulating density.
- Swab/surge pressure monitoring while tripping and reaming.
- Accurate downhole measurement of hydrostatic pressure and effective mud weight.
- Accurate measurement of caliper



Introduction

PCD can accurately detect the annular pressure, the caliper, the borehole pressure and temperature. If PCD has no pressure measurement function, it is CWD (Ultrasonic Caliper Measurement While Drilling). It is used to judge the underground complex situation, such as well leakage, blowout, well inflow and monitoring well, and conductive to the control of well safety.

Tool Diameter	4.75 in. (120mm)/6.75 in. (171 mm)/	
1001 Diameter	8.25 in. (210 mm)	
Max. Pressure	20,000 psi (137.9 MPa)	
Max. Temperature	300°F (150°C)	
Make-up Length	6 ft2.8 in. (1.9 m)	
Operating Time Real-Time	No Limited	
Flow Range	100-300 gpm	
Data Acquisition Type	Real-time & Downhole Record	
Data Transmit Type	Positive pulse	
Pressure Measurement Range	0-25000 psi	
Caliper Measurement Range	0-2 in. (Out of housing)	
	±0.075 in. (0 to 0.5 in.)	
O-line at A	±0.125 in. (0.5 to 1.0 in.)	
Caliper Accuracy	±0. 250 in. (1.0 to 2.0 in.)	
	Out of housing	





Features

- Safety, environmental protection, non-radioactive to operator
- High pulse neutron energy, high count rate, it can be extended for full spectrum measurement
- With open bus structure, it can be combined with other LWD tools

Introduction

The GCN is a logging-while-drilling tool that uses a pulsed neutron generator instead of a chemical source. The instrument only use one drill collar, it uses an open bus structure can be combined with other LWD tools. It is used to monitor formation porosity during drilling to achieve "chemical source free logging".

It consists of pulsed neutron generator, neutron detector, processing circuit It needs to be combined with PCD (Pressure & Caliper measurement while drilling) for neutron porosity corrected.

Tool Diameter	4.75 in. (120 mm)/6.75 in. (171 mm)/8.25 in. (210 mm)
Max. Pressure	20,000 psi (137.9 MPa)
Max. Temperature	300°F (150°C)
Make-up Length	15 ft8.98 in. (4.8 m)
Vibration	20 G, random frequency range 20~100,100 ~200 Hz
Shock	500 G, 11 ms semi-sine wave
Neutron Energy	2.5 MeV
Neutron Yield	> 1*10 ⁸ n/s
Measurement Range	0 to 100 p.u.
Measurement Accuracy	0.5 p.u. below 10 p.u.; 5% of measurement otherwise
Repeatability	± 0.6 p.u. @ 20 p.u. @ 200 ft./hr.



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